

Pediatric Type 2 Diabetes Action Plan





Pediatric Type 2 Diabetes Action Plan

This plan should be completed by the student's personal diabetes health care team, including the parents/guardians. It should be reviewed with relevant school staff and copies should be kept in a place that can be accessed easily by the school nurse, trained diabetes personnel, and other authorized personnel.

Date of plan:	This plan is valid for the current school year: –				
Student Informati	ion				
Student's name:		Date of birth:			
Date of diabetes diagnosis:	Type 2	Other:			
School:	S	chool phone number:			
Grade:	Homeroom teacher:				
School nurse:		Phone:			
Contact Informati	on				
Parent/guardian 1:		-			
Address:					
Telephone: Home:	Work:	Cell:			
Email address:					
Parent/guardian 2:					
Address:					
Telephone: Home:	Work:	Cell:			
Email address:					
Student's physician/health ca	are provider:				
Address:					
Telephone:	Emergency number:				
Email address:					
Other emergency contacts:					
Name:		Relationship:			
Telephone: Home:	Work:	Cell:			

Brand/model of blood glucose meter: Target range of blood glucose: Before meals:	Checking blood glucose						
Before meals:							
Check blood glucose level: Before breakfast	Target range of blood glucose:						
Before breakfast	<i>Before meals:</i> ☐ 90–130 mg/dL ☐ Other:						
Before lunch	Check blood glucose level:						
Student's usual symptoms of hypoglycemia (list below): If exhibiting symptoms of hypoglycemia, OR if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL, give a quick-acting glucose product equal to grams of carbohydrate. Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes and repeat treatment if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL. Additional treatment: mg/dL. Addit	Before breakfast						
product equal to grams of carbohydrate. Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes and repeat treatment if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL. Additional treatment:							
Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes and repeat treatment if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL. Additional treatment: If the student is unable to eat or drink, is unconscious or unresponsive, or is having seizure activity or convulsions (jerking movement): • Position the student on his or her side to prevent choking. • Give glucagon:							
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(jerking movement): • Position the student on his or her side to prevent choking. • Give glucagon: 1 mg ½ mg Other (dose)	Student's usual symptoms of hypoglycemia (list below): If exhibiting symptoms of hypoglycemia, OR if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL, give a quick-acting glucose product equal to grams of carbohydrate.						
 Route: Subcutaneous (SC) Intramuscular (IM) Site for glucagon injection: Buttocks Arm Thigh Other: 	Student's usual symptoms of hypoglycemia (list below): If exhibiting symptoms of hypoglycemia, OR if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL, give a quick-acting glucose product equal to grams of carbohydrate. Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes and repeat treatment if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL.						
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Call 911 (Emergency Medical Services) and the student's parents/guardians.	Student's usual symptoms of hypoglycemia (list below): If exhibiting symptoms of hypoglycemia, OR if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL, give a quick-acting glucose product equal to grams of carbohydrate. Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes and repeat treatment if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL. Additional treatment: If the student is unable to eat or drink, is unconscious or unresponsive, or is having seizure activity or convulsions (jerking movement): • Position the student on his or her side to prevent choking. • Give glucagon: 1 mg ½ mg Other (dose)						
• Contact the student's health care provider.	Student's usual symptoms of hypoglycemia (list below): If exhibiting symptoms of hypoglycemia, OR if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL, give a quick-acting glucose product equal to grams of carbohydrate. Recheck blood glucose in 15 minutes and repeat treatment if blood glucose level is less than mg/dL. Additional treatment: If the student is unable to eat or drink, is unconscious or unresponsive, or is having seizure activity or convulsions (jerking movement): • Position the student on his or her side to prevent choking. • Give glucagon: 1 mg ½ mg Other (dose)						

Hyperglycemia treatment

Student's usual symptoms of hypoglycemia (list below):					
 Check Urine Blood for ketones every hours when blood glucose levels are above mg/dL. For blood glucose greater than mg/dL AND at least hours since last insulin dose, give correction dose of insulin (see correction dose orders). Notify parents/guardians if blood glucose is over mg/dL. For insulin pump users: see Additional Information for Student with Insulin Pump. Allow unrestricted access to the bathroom. Give extra water and/or non-sugar-containing drinks (not fruit juices): ounces per hour. Additional treatment for ketones:					
Follow physical activity and sports orders. (See Physical Activity and Sports)					
If the student has symptoms of a hyperglycemia emergency, call 911 (Emergency Medical Services) and contact the student's parents/guardians and health care provider. Symptoms of a hyperglycemia emergency include: dry mouth, extreme thirst, nausea and vomiting, severe abdominal pain, heavy breathing or shortness of breath, chest pain, increasing sleepiness or lethargy, or depressed level of consciousness.					
Insulin Therapy Insulin delivery device: Syringe Insulin pen Insulin pump					
Type of insulin therapy at school: Adjustable (basal-bolus) insulin Fixed insulin therapy No insulin					
When to give insulin:					
Breakfast					
Carbohydrate coverage only Carbohydrate coverage plus correction dose when blood glucose is greater than mg/dL and hours since last insulin dose.					
Other:					
Lunch					
Carbohydrate coverage only					
Carbohydrate coverage plus correction dose when blood glucose is greater than mg/dL and hours since last insulin dose.					
Other:					
Snack					
☐ No coverage for snack					
Carbohydrate coverage only					
Carbohydrate coverage plus correction dose when blood glucose is greater than mg/dL and hours since					
last insulin dose.					
Correction dose only: For blood glucose greater than mg/dL AND at least hours since last insulin dose.					

Insulin Therapy (continued)

	erapy					
Name of insulin: _						
Units of	of insulin given pre-bro	eakfast daily				
	of insulin given pre-lui	•				
	of insulin given pre-sna	•				
Other:						
Parents/Guardia	ns Authorization to A	djust Insulin Dose				
Yes No	Parents/guardians au	ents/guardians authorization should be obtained before administering a correction dose.				
Yes No	Parents/guardians are authorized to increase or decrease correction dose scale within the following range: +/ units of insulin.					
Yes No	Parents/guardians are authorized to increase or decrease insulin-to-carbohydrate ratio within the following range: units per prescribed grams of carbohydrate, +/ grams of carbohydrate.					
Yes No	Parents/guardians at +/ units of		se or decrease fixe	d insulin dose within the following range:		
Student's self-car	e insulin administrat	tion skills:				
Other diab	ol nurse or trained dia	tions		Times given:		
Name:		Dose:	Route:	Times given:		
Meal plan						
Mea	al/Snack	Tin	ne	Carbohydrate Content (grams)		
Breakfast				to		
Breakfast Mid-morning snack	<			to		
	k					
Mid-morning snac				to		
Mid-morning snach Lunch Mid-afternoon sna		/amount:		to		

Meal plan (continued)	
Special event/party food permitted: Parents'/Guardians' discretion Student discreti	ion
Student's self-care nutrition skills:	
☐ Independently counts carbohydrates	
May count carbohydrates with supervision	
Requires school nurse/trained diabetes personnel to count carbohydrates	
Physical activity and sports	
A quick-acting source of glucose such as glucose tabs and/or sugar-containing juice n	nust be available at the site
of physical education activities and sports.	
Student should eat 15 grams 30 grams of carbohydrate other:	
before every 30 minutes during every 60 minutes during after vigorous ph	ysical activity
other:	
If most recent blood glucose is less than mg/dL, student can participate in physical act	ivity when blood glucose is
corrected and above mg/dL.	
Avoid physical activity when blood glucose is greater than mg/dL or if urine/blood ket	ones are moderate to large.
(See Administer Insulin for additional information for students on insulin pumps.)	
Disaster plan	
To prepare for an unplanned disaster or emergency (72 hours), obtain emergency supply kit fr	om parente/quardiane
Continue to follow orders contained in this DMMP.	om parents, guardians.
Additional insulin orders as follows (e.g., dinner and nighttime):	
Other:	
Signatures	
This Diabetes Medical Management Plan has been approved by:	
Student's Physician/Health Care Provider	Date
I, (parent/guardian), give permission to the sc	hool nurse or another
qualified health care professional or trained diabetes personnel of (school)	
to perform and carry out the diabetes care tasks as outlined in (student)	
Diabetes Medical Management Plan. I also consent to the release of the information contained	
Management Plan to all school staff members and other adults who have responsibility for my	
know this information to maintain my child's health and safety. I also give permission to the so qualified health care professional to contact my child's physician/health care provider.	chool nurse or another
Acknowledged and received by:	
Student's Parent/Guardian	Date
School Nurse/Other Qualified Health Care Personnel	Date
ochool rand, other Qualified regard outer endumed	Date